

The redshift space galaxy power spectrum

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1806.04015 (with Donghui Jeong and Fabian Schmidt)

$$\frac{2}{3\Omega_m \mathcal{H}^2} \partial_i \partial_j \Phi = K_{ij} + \frac{1}{3} \delta_{ij} \delta$$

real space / rest frame: $\delta_g = b_1 \delta + \frac{1}{2} b_2 \delta^2 + b_{K^2} K^2 + \dots$

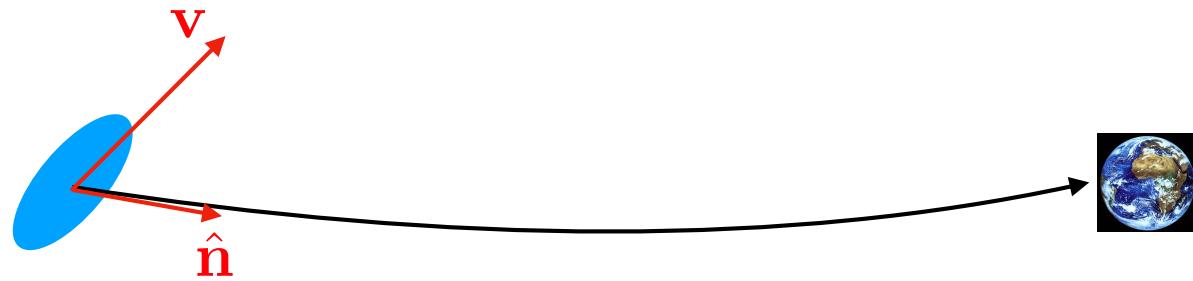
$$+ b_{\nabla^2 \delta} \nabla^2 \delta + \dots$$

$$+ b_{\text{td}} O_{\text{td}} + \dots$$

+ stochastic terms

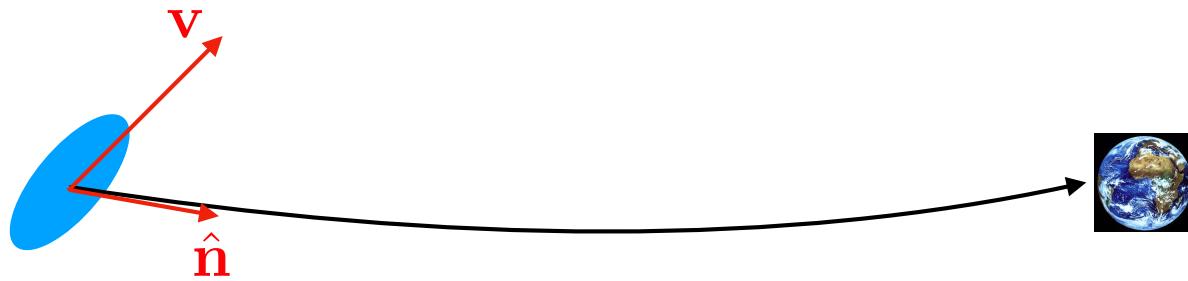
redshift space: selection effects

projection effects \supset RSD



$$u_{\parallel} \equiv \frac{1}{\mathcal{H}} \hat{n}^i v_i$$

$$\partial_{\parallel} \equiv \hat{n}^i \partial_i$$



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$$\text{selection effects} \supset \partial_{\parallel}^2 \Phi \propto \eta$$

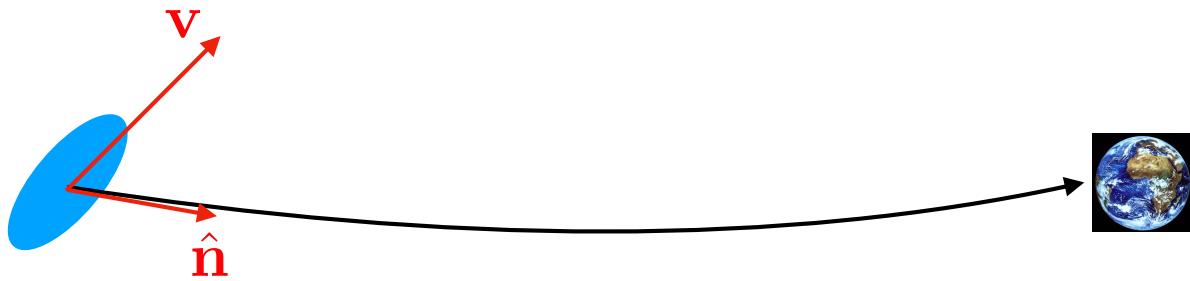
$$\eta \delta$$

$$\hat{n}^i \hat{n}^j K_{il} K_{lj} \equiv (KK)_{\parallel}$$

$$\nabla^2 \eta$$

etc.

$$\eta \equiv \partial_{\parallel} u_{\parallel}$$



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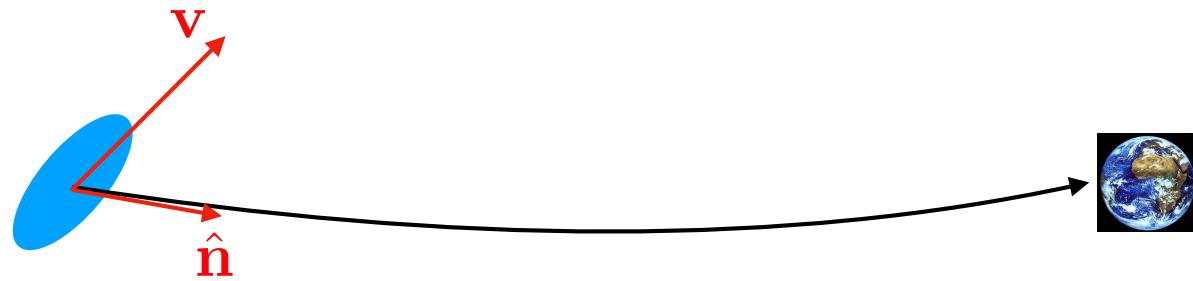
$$\left[1+\delta_{g,s}(\mathbf{x}_s)\right]d^3x_s=\left[1+\delta_g(\mathbf{x})\right]d^3x$$

$$\mathbf{x}_s = \mathbf{x} + u_{\parallel}\hat{\mathbf{n}}$$

$$\delta_{g,s} = \delta_g + \sum_{n=1}^\infty \frac{(-1)^n}{n!} \partial_{\parallel}^n \left[u_{\parallel}^n \left(1 + \delta_g \right) \right]$$

$$\supset \frac{1+\delta_g}{1+\eta}-1=\delta_g-\eta-\delta_g\eta+\eta^2+\ldots$$

$$\eta \equiv \partial_{\parallel} u_{\parallel}$$

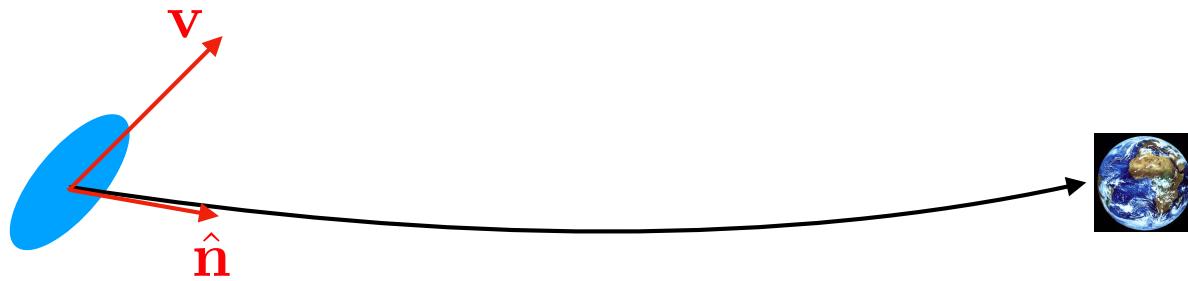


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$$\mathbf{v}_g = \mathbf{v} + \beta_{\nabla^2 \mathbf{v}} \nabla^2 \mathbf{v} + \beta_{\partial_{\parallel}^2 \mathbf{v}} \partial_{\parallel}^2 \mathbf{v} + \text{stochastic terms}$$

$$\eta_g = \eta + \beta_{\nabla^2 \eta} \nabla^2 \eta + \beta_{\partial_{\parallel}^2 \eta} \partial_{\parallel}^2 \eta + \text{stochastic terms}$$



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$$\begin{aligned} \text{RSD} \quad &\supset \quad \partial_{\parallel} u_{\parallel} = \eta \\ & \qquad \eta \delta \\ & \cancel{\hat{n}^i \hat{n}^j K_{il} K_{lj} = (KK)_{\parallel}} \\ & \qquad \nabla^2 \eta \\ & \qquad u_{\parallel} \partial_{\parallel} \delta \\ & \qquad \text{etc.} \end{aligned}$$

RSD + selection effects:

$$\begin{aligned}\delta_g = & b_1 \delta + \frac{1}{2} b_2 \delta^2 + b_{K^2} K^2 + \dots \\ & + b_{\nabla^2 \delta} \nabla^2 \delta + \dots \\ & + b_{\text{td}} O_{\text{td}} + \dots \\ & + \text{stochastic terms} \\ & + b_\eta \eta + b_{\eta \delta} \eta \delta + b_{\eta^2} \eta^2 + \dots \\ & + b_{(KK)_\parallel} (KK)_\parallel + \dots \\ & + b_\eta \left(\beta_{\nabla^2 \mathbf{v}} \nabla^2 \eta + \beta_{\partial_\parallel^2 \mathbf{v}} \partial_\parallel^2 \eta \right) + \dots \\ & - b_1 u_\parallel \partial_\parallel \delta + \dots\end{aligned}$$

RSD, no selection effects:

$$\delta_g = b_1 \delta + \frac{1}{2} b_2 \delta^2 + b_{K^2} K^2 + \dots$$

$$+ b_{\nabla^2 \delta} \nabla^2 \delta + \dots$$

$$+ b_{\text{td}} O_{\text{td}} + \dots$$

+ stochastic terms

$$- \eta - b_1 \eta \delta + \eta^2 + \dots$$

$$- \left(\beta_{\nabla^2 \mathbf{v}} \nabla^2 \eta + \beta_{\partial_{\parallel}^2 \mathbf{v}} \partial_{\parallel}^2 \eta \right) + \dots$$

$$- b_1 u_{\parallel} \partial_{\parallel} \delta + \dots$$

Redshift space galaxy power spectrum at NLO:

$$\epsilon_{\text{loop}} \propto \left(\frac{k}{k_{\text{NL}}} \right)^{3+n} \sim \left(\frac{k}{k_{\text{NL}}} \right)^{1-1.5}$$

$$\epsilon_{\text{deriv}} \propto k^2 R_g^2 \sim k^2 R_M^2$$

shot noise amplitudes

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shot noise amplitudes

+ *redshift-space galaxy bispectrum at LO:*

- *3 additional stochastic amplitudes*
- *All the contributions have distinct shapes
(also .w.r.t. line of sight)*

NLO galaxy power spectrum + LO galaxy bispectrum

RSD + selection effects:

- 5 galaxy bias parameters
 - 5 stochastic amplitudes
 - 9 selection parameters
 - 2 deterministic velocity bias parameters
 - 1 stochastic velocity bias amplitude
-

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RSD, no selection effects:

- 5 galaxy bias parameters
 - 4 stochastic amplitudes
 - 1 deterministic velocity bias parameters
 - 1 stochastic velocity bias amplitude
-

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All this is perfectly consistent with the streaming model, e.g.

$$P_{gg,s}^{\text{LO}}(k, \mu) = \left(1 - f^2 k^2 \mu^2 \sigma_v^2\right) P_{gg}^{\text{LO}}(k) + ifk\mu u_{g12}(\mathbf{k}) - \frac{1}{2} f^2 k^2 \mu^2 \sigma_{g12}^2(\mathbf{k})$$

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The redshift-space power spectrum is

$$P_s(k_{\parallel}, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}) = \int d^2 \mathbf{r}_{\perp} e^{-i \mathbf{k}_{\perp} \cdot \mathbf{r}_{\perp}} \int dr_{\parallel} e^{-ik_{\parallel} r_{\parallel}} \xi(r) \mathcal{M}(ik_{\parallel} f, \mathbf{r}) + \frac{1}{\bar{n}}$$

i.e. the constant shot noise piece does not depend on mu:

$$P_s(k_{\parallel}, \mathbf{k}_{\perp}) \stackrel{k \rightarrow 0}{=} \int d^3 r \xi(r) + \frac{1}{\bar{n}} \equiv P_{\epsilon}$$

$$P_{gg,s}^{\text{LO+NLO}}(k, \mu) = P_{gg,s}^{\text{l+hd}} + P_{gg,s}^{2-2}(k, \mu) + 2P_{gg,s}^{1-3}(k, \mu)$$

23 "2 - 2" loop integrals
 5 "1 - 3" loop integrals

